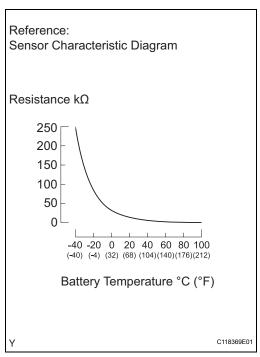
DTC	P0A9C	Hybrid Battery Temperature Sensor "A"
DTC	P0A9D	Hybrid Battery Temperature Sensor "A" Circuit Low
DTC	P0A9E	Hybrid Battery Temperature Sensor "A" Circuit High

DESCRIPTION



3 battery temperature sensors are located on the bottom of the HV battery assembly. The resistance of the thermistor, which is enclosed in each battery temperature sensor, changes in accordance with the changes in the temperature of the HV battery assembly. The lower the battery temperature, the higher the resistance of the thermistor. Conversely, the higher the temperature, the lower the resistance. The battery ECU uses the battery temperature sensors to detect the temperature of the HV battery assembly. Based on the results of this detection, the battery ECU controls the battery blower. (Thus, the blower fan starts when the HV battery temperature rises to a predetermined level.)

DTC No.	DTC Detection Condition	Trouble Area
P0A9C	Battery temperature sensor malfunction	HV battery assembly (HV battery temperature sensor) Battery ECU
P0A9D	Low resistance in battery temperature sensor	HV battery assembly (HV battery temperature sensor) Battery ECU
P0A9E	High resistance in battery temperature sensor	HV battery assembly (HV battery temperature sensor) Battery ECU



HINT:

After confirming DTC P0A9C, P0A9D and P0A9E, enter the following menus on the intelligent tester: DIAGNOSIS / OBD/MOBD / HV BATTERY / DATA LIST. Then, confirm the temperature of the HV battery by checking "BATT TEMP 1 to 3".

Temperature Displayed	Malfunction
-45°C (-49°F) or less	Open or +B short circuit
95°C (203°F) or more	GND short circuit

MONITOR DESCRIPTION

If the temperature indicated by the battery temperature sensors is lower than the standard level (open), or is higher than the standard level (short), the battery ECU interprets this as a sensor malfunction. If the battery ECU detects that HV battery temperature is out of a normal range or its value is abnormal, it illuminates the MIL and sets a DTC.

MONITOR STRATEGY

Case 1: Battery temperature sensor malfunction

Related DTCs	P0A9C
Related Sensor/Components (Main)	Battery temperature sensor
Related Sensor/Components (Related)	None
Frequency of Operation	Continuous
Duration	TOYOTA's intellectual property
MIL Operation	Immediate
Sequence of Operation	None

Case 2: Battery temperature sensor low resistance

Related DTCs	P0A9D
Related Sensor/Components (Main)	Battery temperature sensor
Related Sensor/Components (Related)	None
Frequency of Operation	Continuous
Duration	TOYOTA's intellectual property
MIL Operation	Immediate
Sequence of Operation	None

HB

Case 3: Battery temperature high resistance

Related DTCs	P0A9E
Related Sensor/Components (Main)	Battery temperature sensor
Related Sensor/Components (Related)	None
Frequency of Operation	Continuous
Duration	TOYOTA's intellectual property
MIL Operation	Immediate
Sequence of Operation	None

TYPICAL ENABLING CONDITIONS

The monitor will run whenever the following DTCs are not present	TOYOTA's intellectual property
Other conditions belong to TOYOTA's intellectual property	-

TYPICAL MALFUNCTION THRESHOLDS

Case 1: Battery temperature sensor malfunction

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Temperature deviation among batteries	Exceeds standard level
(Maximum temperature - minimum temperature)	

Case 2: Battery temperature sensor low resistance

Resistance of battery temperature sensor	1.108 k Ω or less
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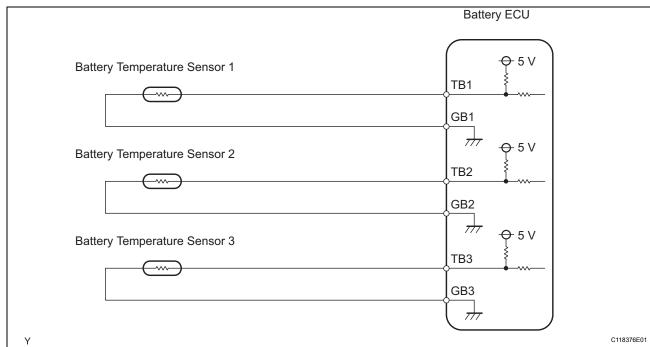
Case 3: Battery temperature high resistance

, i	
Resistance of battery temperature sensor	247.7 k Ω or more

COMPONENT OPERATING RANGE

Battery temperature sensor	9 to 11 kΩ (at 25°C (77°F))

WIRING DIAGRAM





INSPECTION PROCEDURE

CAUTION:

- Before inspecting the high-voltage system, take safety precautions to prevent electrical shocks, such as wearing insulated gloves and removing the service plug grip. After removing the service plug grip, put it in your pocket to prevent other technicians from reconnecting it while you are servicing the high-voltage system.
- After disconnecting the service plug grip, wait for at least 5 minutes before touching any of the high-voltage connectors or terminals.

HINT:

At least 5 minutes are required to discharge the high-voltage condenser inside the inverter.

1 READ DTC OUTPUT (DTC P0A1F IS OUTPUT)

- (a) Connect the intelligent tester to the DLC3.
- (b) Turn the power switch ON (IG) and the tester ON.
- (c) Enter the following menus: DIAGNOSIS / OBD/MOBD / HV BATTERY / DTC INFO / TROUBLE CODES.
- (d) Read DTCs.

Result:

DTC P0A1F is output



REPLACE BATTERY ECU

NO

2

CHECK CONNECTION OF BATTERY TEMPERATURE SENSOR CONNECTOR

CAUTION:

Wear insulated gloves before performing the following operation.

- (a) Turn the power switch OFF.
- (b) Remove the service plug grip (see page HB-153).

NOTICE:

Turning the power switch ON (READY) with the service plug grip removed could cause a malfunction. Therefore, never turn the power switch ON (READY) in this state.

(c) Check the connection condition of the B13 battery ECU connector.

OK:

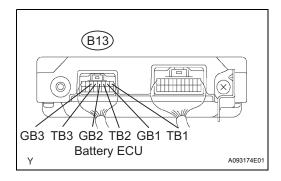
Connector has been connected securely and there is no poor connection.

HINT:

Since the battery temperature sensor is not available by itself, if replacement is required, replace the entire HV battery assembly.



CONNECT SECURELY



HB OK

REPLACE HV SUPPLY BATTERY ASSEMBLY