

P0441

# Evaporative Emission Control System Incorrect Purge Flow

# DTC SUMMARY

DTC No.	Monitoring Items	Malfunction Detection Conditions	Trouble Areas	Detection Timing	Detection Logic
P0441	Purge Vacuum Switching Valve (VSV) stuck open	Leak detection pump creates negative pressure (vacuum) in EVAP system and EVAP system pressure measured. 0.02 inch leak criterion measured at start and at end of leak check. If stabilized pressure higher than [second 0.02 inch leak criterion x 0.15], ECM determines that purge VSV stuck open.	<ul> <li>Purge VSV</li> <li>Connector/wire harness (purge VSV - ECM)</li> <li>ECM</li> <li>Canister pump module</li> <li>Leakage from EVAP system</li> </ul>	While power switch OFF	2 trip
P0441	Purge VSV stuck closed	After EVAP leak check performed, purge VSV turned ON (open), and atmospheric air introduced into EVAP system. 0.02 inch leak criterion measured at start and at end of leak check. If pressure does not return to near atmospheric pressure, ECM determines that purge VSV stuck closed.	<ul> <li>Purge VSV</li> <li>Connector/wire harness (purge VSV - ECM)</li> <li>ECM</li> <li>Canister pump module</li> <li>Leakage from EVAP system</li> </ul>	While power switch OFF	2 trip
P0441	Purge flow	<ul> <li>While engine running, following conditions are met:</li> <li>Negative pressure not created in EVAP system when purge VSV turned ON (open)</li> <li>Atmospheric pressure change before and after purge flow monitor less than 0.93 kPa (7 mmHg)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Purge VSV</li> <li>Connector/wire harness (purge VSV - ECM)</li> <li>Leakage from EVAP line (purge VSV - Intake manifold)</li> <li>ECM</li> </ul>	While engine running	2 trip

# DESCRIPTION NOTICE:

# In this vehicle's EVAP system, turning ON the vent valve does not seal off the EVAP system. To check for leaks in the EVAP system, disconnect the air inlet vent hose and apply pressure from the atmosphere side of the canister.

While the engine is running, if a predetermined condition (closed loop, etc.) is met, the purge VSV is opened by the ECM and stored fuel vapors in the canister are purged to the intake manifold. The ECM changes the duty cycle ratio of the purge VSV to control purge flow volume.

The purge flow volume is also determined by the intake manifold pressure. Atmospheric pressure is allowed into the canister through the vent valve to ensure that the purge flow is maintained when the negative pressure (vacuum) is applied to the canister.

# Key-off monitor

This monitor checks for Evaporative Emission (EVAP) system leaks and canister pump module malfunctions. The monitor starts 5 hours\* after the power switch is turned OFF. More than 5 hours are required to allow the fuel to cool down to stabilize the Fuel Tank Pressure (FTP), thus making the EVAP system monitor more accurate.

The leak detection pump creates negative pressure (vacuum) in the EVAP system and the pressure is measured. Finally, the ECM monitors for leaks from the EVAP system and malfunctions in both the canister pump module and purge VSV, based on the EVAP pressure. HINT:

\*: If the engine coolant temperature is not below 35°C (95°F) 5 hours after the power switch is turned OFF, the monitor check starts 2 hours later. If it is still not below 35°C (95°F) 7 hours after the power switch is turned OFF, the monitor check starts 2.5 hours later.





Leak Detection Pump (OFF)

**Reference Orifice** 

Pressure Sensor



A131438E01

Leak Detection Pump (ON)



Components	Operations
Canister, Trap canister	Contains activated charcoal to absorb EVAP generated in fuel tank.
Cut-off valve	Located in fuel tank. Valve floats and closes when fuel tank 100% full.
Purge Vacuum Switching Valve (VSV)	Opens or closes line between canister and intake manifold. ECM uses purge VSV to control EVAP purge flow. In order to discharge EVAP absorbed by canister to intake manifold, ECM opens purge VSV. EVAP discharge volume to intake manifold controlled by purge VSV duty cycle ratio (current-carrying time) (open: ON; closed: OFF).
Roll-over valve	Located in fuel tank. Valve closes by its own weight when vehicle overturns to prevent fuel from spilling out.
Soak timer	Built into ECM. To ensure accurate EVAP monitor, measures 5 hours (+-15 min) after power switch OFF. This allows fuel to cool down, stabilizing Fuel Tank Pressure (FTP). When approximately 5 hours elapsed, ECM activates.
Pressure switching valve	The pressure switching valve located on the canister is used to detect leakage from the bladder tank into the fuel tank. The valve opens during the bladder tank leak check. Then, the fuel tank's fuel vapor flows to the intake manifold without passing the canister.
Pump module	Consists of (a) to (d) below. Pump module cannot be disassembled.
(a) Vent valve	Vents and closes EVAP system. When ECM turns valve ON, EVAP system closed. When ECM turns valve OFF, EVAP system vented. Negative pressure (vacuum) created in EVAP system to check for EVAP leaks by closing purge VSV, turning vent valve ON (closed) and operating leak detection pump (refer to fig. 1).
(b) Canister pressure sensor	Indicates pressure as voltage. ECM supplies regulated 5 V to canister pressure sensor, and uses feedback from sensor to monitor EVAP system pressure (refer to fig. 2).
(c) Leak detection pump	Creates negative pressure (vacuum) in EVAP system for leak check.

Components	Operations
(d) Reference orifice	Has opening with 0.02 inch diameter. Vacuum produced through orifice by closing purge VSV, turning vent valve OFF and operating leak detection pump to monitor 0.02 inch leak criterion. 0.02 inch leak criterion indicates small leak of EVAP.

# MONITOR DESCRIPTION

1. Key-off monitor

5 hours\* after the power switch is turned OFF, the leak detection pump creates negative pressure (vacuum) in the EVAP system. The ECM monitors for leaks and actuator malfunctions based on the EVAP pressure.

HINT:

\*: If the engine coolant temperature is not below 35°C (95°F) 5 hours after the power switch is turned OFF, the monitor check starts 2 hours later. If it is still not below 35°C (95°F) 7 hours after the power switch is turned OFF, the monitor check starts 2.5 hours later.

Sequence	Operations	Descriptions	Duration
-	ECM activation	Activated by soak timer 5, 7 or 9.5 hours after power switch OFF.	-
A	Atmospheric pressure measurement	Vent valve turned OFF (vent) and EVAP system pressure measured by ECM in order to register atmospheric pressure. If pressure in EVAP system not between 70 kPa and 110 kPa (525 mmHg and 825 mmHg), ECM cancels EVAP system monitor.	10 seconds
В	First 0.02 inch leak criterion measurement	In order to determine 0.02 inch leak criterion, leak detection pump creates negative pressure (vacuum) through reference orifice and then ECM checks if leak detection pump and vent valve operate normally.	60 seconds
C	EVAP system pressure measurement	Vent valve turned ON (closed) to shut EVAP system. Negative pressure (vacuum) created in EVAP system, and EVAP system pressure then measured. Write down measured value as it will be used in leak check. If EVAP pressure does not stabilize within 900 seconds, ECM cancels EVAP system monitor.	900 seconds*
D	Purge VSV monitor	Purge VSV opened and then EVAP system pressure measured by ECM. Large increase indicates normal.	10 seconds
E	Second 0.02 inch leak criterion measurement	After second 0.02 inch leak criterion measurement, leak check performed by comparing first and second 0.02 inch leak criterion. If stabilized system pressure higher than second 0.02 inch leak criterion, ECM determines that EVAP system leaking.	60 seconds
-	Final check	Atmospheric pressure measured and then monitoring result recorded by ECM.	-

# \*: If only a small amount of fuel is in the fuel tank, it takes longer for the EVAP pressure to stabilize.



# (a)Purge VSV stuck open

In operation C, the leak detection pump creates negative pressure (vacuum) in the EVAP system. The EVAP system pressure is then measured by the ECM using the canister pressure sensor. If the stabilized system pressure is higher than [second 0.02 inch leak criterion x 0.15], the ECM interprets this as the purge Vacuum Switching Valve (VSV) being stuck open. The ECM illuminates the MIL and sets the DTC (2 trip detection logic).



# (b)Purge VSV stuck closed

In operation D, the canister pressure sensor measures the EVAP system pressure. The pressure measurement for the purge VSV monitor begins when the purge VSV is turned ON (open) after the EVAP leak check. When the measured pressure indicates an increase of 0.3 kPa (2.25 mmHg) or more, the purge VSV is functioning normally. If the pressure does not increase, the ECM interprets this as the purge VSV being stuck closed. The ECM illuminates the MIL and sets the DTC (2 trip detection logic).



# (c) Purge flow

While the engine running, the purge VSV opens to purge the fuel vapor according to the engine condition. The ECM check the EVAP pressure when the purge VSV opens. If the pressure dose not change, the ECM interprets this as a malfunction. The ECM illuminates the MIL and sets DTC (2 trip detection logic).

# **MONITOR STRATEGY**

Related DTCs	P0441: Purge VSV stuck open P0441: Purge VSV stuck closed P0441: Purge flow
Required Sensors/Components	Purge VSV and canister pump module
Frequency of Operation	Once per driving cycle
Duration	Maximum 15 seconds
MIL Operation	2 driving cycles
Sequence of Operation	None

# TYPICAL ENABLING CONDITIONS Purge Flow Monitor:

Engine	Running
ECT	4.4°C (40°F) or more
IAT	4.4°C (40°F) or more
EVAP control system pressure sensor malfunction	Not detected
Purge VSV	Not detected by scan tool
EVAP system check	Not detected by scan tool
Battery voltage	11 V or higher
Purge duty cycle	15% or more

# Purge VSV Stuck:

	P0011, P0012, P0021, P0022 (VVT system-Advance, Retard)
	P0100, P0101, P0102, P0103 (MAF sensor)
	P0110, P0112, P0113 (IAI sensor)
	P0115, P0116, P0117, P0118 (ECT sensor)
	P0120, P0122, P0123, P0220, P0222, P0223, P2135,(TP sensor)
	P0125 (Insufficient ECT for closed loop)
The monitor will full whenever these DTCs are not present	P0171, P0172, P0174, P0175 (Fuel System)
	P0300, P0301, P0302, P0303, P0304 (Misile)
	P(335) (CKF SellS01) P(340, P(341) (CMP consor)
	$P_{0,351} = P_{0,352} = P_{0,353} = P_{0,354} (lapitor)$
	P(351, P(352, P(353), P(354   ignilien))
	P0500 (VSS)
Atmospheric pressure	70 to 110 kPa (525 to 825 mmHg)
Battery voltage	10.5 V or higher
Vehicle speed	Less than 4 km/h (2.5 mph)
Power switch	OFF
Time after key off	5 or 7 or 9.5 hours
Purge VSV	Not operated by scan tool
Vent valve	Not operated by scan tool
Leak detection pump	Not operated by scan tool
Both of the following conditions 1 and 2 are met before key off	-
1. Duration that vehicle has been driven	5 minutes or more
2. EVAP purge operation	Performed
ECT	4.4 to 35°C (40 to 95°F)
IAT	4.4 to 35°C (40 to 95°F)

# 1. Key-off monitor sequence 1 to 8

# 1. Atmospheric pressure measurement

Next sequence is run if the following condition is met	-
Atmospheric pressure change	Within 0.3 kPa (2.25 mmHg) in 1 second

# 2. First reference pressure measurement

Next sequence is run if the following conditions are met	-
EVAP pressure just after reference pressure measurement start	-1 kPa (-7.5 mmHg) or lower
Reference pressure	-4.85 to -1.05 kPa (726 to 754 mmHg)
Reference pressure	Saturated within 60 seconds

# 3. Vent valve stuck closed check

Next sequence is run if the following condition is met	-
EVAP pressure change after vent valve is ON	0.3 kPa (2.25 mmHg) or more

# 4. Vacuum introduction

Next sequence is run if the following condition is met	-
EVAP pressure	Saturated within 900 seconds

# 5. Purge VSV stuck closed check

Next sequence is run if the following condition is met	-
EVAP pressure change after purge valve is open	0.3 kPa (2.25 mmHg) or more

### 6. Second reference pressure measurement

Next sequence is run if the following conditions are met	-
EVAP pressure just after reference pressure measurement	-1 kPa (-7.5 mmHg) or lower
Reference pressure	-4.85 to -1.05 kPa (726 to 754 mmHg)
Reference pressure	Saturated within 60 seconds
Reference pressure difference between first and second	Less than 0.7 kPa (5.25 mmHg)

# 7. Leak check

	Next sequence is run if the following condition is met	-
ES	EVAP pressure when vacuum introduction is complete	Lower than second reference pressure

# 8. Atmospheric pressure measurement

EVAP monitor is complete if the following condition is met	-
Atmospheric pressure difference between sequence 1 and 8	Within 0.3 kPa (2.25 mmHg)

# **TYPICAL MALFUNCTION THRESHOLDS**

"Saturated" indicates that the EVAP pressure change is less than 0.1 kPa (0.75 mmHg) in 30 seconds. **Purge Flow Monitor:** 

EVAP pressure change when purge flow is started	Lower than 0.93 kPa (7 mmHg)

# Key-off Monitor: Purge VSV stuck open

FTP when vacuum introduction complete	Higher than reference pressure x 0.15

# Key-off Monitor: Purge VSV stuck closed

FTP change after purge VSV ON (open)	Less than 0.3 kPa (2.25 mmHg)
--------------------------------------	-------------------------------

# **MONITOR RESULT**

Refer to CHECKING MONITOR STATUS (see page ES-15).

# WIRING DIAGRAM



# **INSPECTION PROCEDURE**

NOTICE:

The intelligent tester is required to conduct the following diagnostic troubleshooting procedure.

# HINT:

- Using the intelligent tester monitor results enable the EVAP system to be confirmed.
- Read freeze frame data using the intelligent tester. Freeze frame data records the engine conditions when malfunctions are detected. When troubleshooting, freeze frame data can help determine if the vehicle was moving or stationary, if the engine was warmed up or not, if the air-fuel ratio was lean or rich, and other data from the time the malfunction occurred.

	1	CONFIRM DTC	
6		<ul> <li>(a) Turn the power switch O</li> <li>(b) Turn the power switch O</li> <li>(c) Turn the power switch O</li> <li>(d) Connect the intelligent te</li> <li>(e) Turn the power switch O</li> <li>(f) Enter the following menu</li> <li>OBD II / DTC INFO / CU</li> <li>(g) Check if DTC P0446 is of</li> </ul>	FF and wait for 10 seconds. N (IG). FF and wait for 10 seconds. ester to the DLC3. N (IG). IS: DIAGNOSIS / ENHANCED RRENT CODES. putput.
		NO Go to s	tep 5
	YES	ES	
	2	PERFORM EVAP SYSTEM CHECK	
		<ul> <li>(a) Note the freeze frame data</li> <li>(b) Clear DTCs.</li> <li>(c) Enter the following menu OBD II / SYSTEM CHEC OPERATION.</li> <li>(d) After the system check is DTCs.</li> <li>OK: No DTC is present.</li> </ul>	ata and DTCs. Is: DIAGNOSIS / ENHANCED CK / EVAP SYS CHECK / AUTO Is finished, check for pending
		NG Go to s	tep 6
	ОК	ĸ	
	3	CHECK OPERATION FOR PRESSURE SWITCHING VALVE	
		<ul> <li>(a) Enter the following menu OBD II / ACTIVE TEST /</li> <li>(b) Touch the pressure swite VSV) to feel the operation OK:</li> <li>The pressure switching ACTIVE TEST.</li> </ul>	is: DIAGNOSIS / ENHANCED TANK BYPASS VSV. ching valve (TANK BYPASS g vibration. ng valve is operated by the
		NG Go to s	tep 18
	ОК	к	



NG

EVAP pressure is higher than 755 mmHg.







# 18 CHECK HARNESS AND CONNECTOR (PRESSURE SWITCHING VALVE - ECM AND EFI M RELAY) Wire Harness Side (a) Pressure Switching Valve Connector (a) V8 (1) Disconnect the V8 pressure switching valve connector. Front View

A072890E04

A065744E70

TBP

- (2) Disconnect the E7 ECM connector.
- (3) Measure the resistance between the wire harness side connectors.

# Standard resistance (Check for open)

Tester Connection	Specified Condition
V8-1 (Pressure switching valve) - E7- 18 (TBP)	Below 1 $\Omega$

# Standard resistance (Check for short)

Tester Connection	Specified Condition
V8-1 (Pressure switching valve) or E7-18 (TBP) - Body ground	10 k $\Omega$ higher

- (4) Reconnect the pressure switching valve connector.
- (5) Reconnect the ECM connector.
- (b) Check the harness and the connectors between the pressure switching valve and the EFI M relay.
  - (1) Disconnect the V8 pressure switching valve connector.
  - (2) Remove the integration relay from the engine room relay block.
  - (3) Measure the resistance between the wire harness side connector.

# Standard resistance (Check for open)

Tester Connection	Specified Condition
V8-2 (Pressure switching valve) - 3I-8 (EFI M relay)	Below 1 Ω

# Standard resistance (Check for short)

Tester Connection	Specified Condition
V8-2 (Pressure switching valve) or 3I- 8 (EFI M relay) - Body ground	10 k $\Omega$ or higher

- (4) Reconnect the pressure switching valve connector.
- (5) Reinstall the integration relay.





F

ECM Connector





# 22 REPLACE TRAP CANISTER WITH PUMP MODULE

Replace the trap canister with pump module (see page EC-17).

NEXT

Go to step 34

# **23** CHECK FOR VENT HOSE DAMAGE

Check for hose damage as shown in the illustration. If necessary, replace the vent hose.



ES-233





# 27 REPLACE HOSE (PURGE VSV - THROTTLE BODY)



Go to step 34

# 28 REPLACE PURGE VSV

Replace the purge VSV (see page EC-23).

NEXT

Go to step 34

### 29 CHECK HARNESS AND CONNECTOR (VENT VALVE - ECM) (a) Disconnect the V7 canister connector. Wire Harness Side VLVB (V7 Canister 1 2 3 4 Connector 6 7 8 9 VGND Front View A085258E50 (b) Disconnect the E7 ECM connector. (c) Check the harness and the connectors between the ECM and the canister connectors. E7 (1) Measure the resistance between the wire harness side connector. Standard resistance (Check for open) **Specified Condition Tester Connection** VPMP V7-8 (VGND) - E7-26 (VPMP) Below 1 $\Omega$ **ECM** Connector A065744E72

# Standard resistance (Check for short)

Tester Connection	Specified Condition
V7-8 (VGND) or E7-26 (VPMP) - Body ground	10 k $\Omega$ higher



- (d) Remove the integration relay from the engine room relay block.
- (e) Check the harness and connectors between the canister connector and the EFI M relay.
  - (1) Measure the resistance between the wire harness side connectors.

# Standard resistance (Check for open)

Tester Connection	Specified Condition
V7-9 (VLVB) - 3I-8 (EFI M relay)	Below 1 Ω

# Standard resistance (Check for short)

Tester Connection	Specified Condition
V7-9 (VLVB) or 3I-8 (EFI M relay) - Body ground	10 k $\Omega$ higher

- (f) Reconnect the canister connector.
- (g) Reconnect the ECM connector.
- (h) Reinstall the integration relay.



# **30** REPAIR OR REPLACE HARNESS AND CONNECTOR

NEXT

Go to step 34

Go to step .

31 REPLACE ECM

Replace the ECM (see page ES-469).

NEXT

Go to step 34

# **32** CHECK AND REPLACE VENT HOSE OR CANISTER FILTER

NEXT

Go to step 34

# **33** REPLACE HOSE (PRESSURE SWITCHING VALVE AND FUEL TANK)

NEXT		
34	PERFORM EVAP SYSTEM CHECK	
	(a) (b)	Turn the power switch ON (IG). Enter the following menus: DIAGNOSIS / ENHANCED

- OBD II / SYSTEM CHECK / EVAP SYS CHECK / AUTO OPERATION. c) After the system check is finished, check for pending
- (c) After the system check is finished, check for pending DTCs.



DTC	P0446	Evaporative Emission Control System Vent Control Circuit

# DESCRIPTION

DTC	DTC Detection Condition	Trouble Area
P0446	<ul> <li>One of the following condition is met while vehicle is driving (2 trip detection logic):</li> <li>No change in fuel tank pressure when purge VSV and pressure switching valve are opened</li> <li>No change in fuel tank pressure when fuel tank is depressurized until 740 mmHg and purge VSV is closed</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Leak from EVAP system</li> <li>Pressure switching valve</li> <li>Purge VSV</li> <li>Vent valve</li> <li>Fuel tank pressure sensor</li> </ul>

ES

This DTC is designed to detect the pressure switching valve (3-way VSV) malfunction. If the malfunction is detected while the vehicle is running, the ECM illuminates the MIL and sets a DTC (2 detection logic). The pressure switching valve located on the canister is used to detect leakage from the bladder tank into the fuel tank. The valve opens during the bladder tank leak check. Then, the fuel tank's fuel vapor flows to the intake manifold without passing the canister.

# **MONITOR DESCRIPTION**

# Pressure switching valve is stuck OFF (Closed)

The pressure switching valve opens when the purge VSV opens while the vehicle is running. Then, the fuel tank pressure drops 2 mmHg or more when the pressure switching valve is normal. If the pressure does not change, the ECM interprets this as a malfunction. The ECM illuminates the MIL and sets a DTC (2 trip detection logic).

# Pressure switching valve is stuck ON (Open)

In order to depressurize the fuel tank, the pump module's vent valve is turned ON (close) when the purge VSV opens while the vehicle is running. After the fuel tank pressure drops 20 mmHg, the purge VSV closes. Then, the fuel tank pressure rises slightly when the pressure switching valve is normal. If the pressure rises quickly, the ECM interprets this as a malfunction. The ECM illuminates the MIL and sets a DTC (2 trip detection logic).

# **MONITOR STRATEGY**

Related DTCs	P0466: Pressure switching valve fixed
Required Sensors/Components	Pressure switching valve
Frequency of Operation	Once per driving cycle
Duration	Within 10 seconds
MIL Operation	2 driving cycles
Sequence of Operation	None

# **TYPICAL ENABLING CONDITIONS**

Monitor runs whenever following DTC not present	P0441: Purge VSV P1450 - P1453: FTP sensor
Altitude	Less than 2,400 m (8,000 ft.)
Battery voltage	11 V or more
IAT at engine start - ECT at engine start	-7 to 11°C (-12.6 to 20°F)
ECT at engine start	4.4 to 35°C (40 to 95°F)
IAT at engine start	4.4 to 35°C (40 to 95°F)
Vehicle speed	Constant between 45 and 130 km/h (28 and 80 mph)
Time after engine start	Less than 30 minutes
HV ECU	ОК

Fail-safe via HV ECU	Not executed
Purge flow volume	0.08 g/sec. or more

# **TYPICAL MALFUNCTION THRESHOLDS**

Either of following condition 1 or 2 is met	-
1. Following conditions are met	-
FTP change when pressure switching valve is ON	0.267 kPa (2 mmHg) or more
FTP	-2.667 kPa (740 mmHg) or higher
FTP increase after 20 mmHg vacuum is applied to fuel tank	1.333 kPa (10 mmHg) or more

# WIRING DIAGRAM



# **INSPECTION PROCEDURE**

<b>T</b>	
Turn th Turn th Conne Turn th Enter t OBD II Check	the power switch OFF and wait for 10 seconds. the power switch ON (IG). the power switch OFF and wait for 10 seconds. nect the intelligent tester to the DLC3. the power switch ON (IG). r the following menus: DIAGNOSIS / ENHANCED II / DTC INFO / CURRENT CODES. ck if DTC P0446 is output.
	> Go to step 5
Note th Clear I Enter ti OBD II OPER/ After th DTCs. <b>OK:</b> <b>No D</b>	the freeze frame data and DTCs. r DTCs. r the following menus: DIAGNOSIS / ENHANCED II / SYSTEM CHECK / EVAP SYS CHECK / AUTO RATION. the system check is finished, check for pending s. <b>DTC is present.</b>
	Go to step 6
RE SWIT	/ITCHING VALVE
Enter t OBD II	r the following menus: DIAGNOSIS / ENHANCED II / ACTIVE TEST / TANK BYPASS VSV. h the pressure switching valve (TANK BYPASS) ) to feel the operating vibration.
Touch to VSV) to OK: The J ACTI	TIVE TEST.
	In



NG

EVAP pressure is higher than 755 mmHg.

Go to step 20







# 18 CHECK HARNESS AND CONNECTOR (PRESSURE SWITCHING VALVE - ECM AND EFI M RELAY) Wire Harness Side Pressure Switching Valve Connector (N) (N) (N)

Front View

ECM Connector

A065744E70

(2) Disconnect the E7 ECM connector.
(3) Measure the resistance between the wire harness side connectors.

# Standard resistance Check for open)

Tester Connection	Specified Condition
V8-1 (Pressure switching valve) - E7- 18 (TBP)	Below 1 Ω

# Standard resistance (Check for short)

Tester Connection	Specified Condition
V8-1 (Pressure switching valve) or E7-18 (TBP) - Body ground	10 k $\Omega$ higher

- (4) Reconnect the pressure switching valve connector.
- (5) Reconnect the ECM connector.
- (b) Check the harness and the connectors between the pressure switching valve and the EFI M relay.
  - (1) Disconnect the V8 pressure switching valve connector.
  - (2) Remove the integration relay from the engine room relay block.
  - (3) Measure the resistance between the wire harness side connector.

# Standard resistance (Check for open)

Tester Connection	Specified Condition
V8-2 (Pressure switching valve) - 3I-8 (EFI M relay)	Below 1 Ω

# Standard resistance (Check for short)

Tester Connection	Specified Condition
V8-2 (Pressure switching valve) or 3I- 8 (EFI M relay) - Body ground	10 k $\Omega$ or higher

- (4) Reconnect the pressure switching valve connector.
- (5) Reinstall the integration relay.







(e) Reconnect the ECM connector.



# 22 REPLACE TRAP CANISTER WITH PUMP MODULE

Replace the trap canister with pump module (see page EC-17).

NEXT

Go to step 34

# **23** CHECK FOR VENT HOSE DAMAGE

Check for hose damage as shown in the illustration. If necessary, replace the vent hose.





(g) Reconnect the ECM connector.



### 27 **REPLACE HOSE (PURGE VSV - THROTTLE BODY)**



Go to step 34

### 28 **REPLACE PURGE VSV**

29

(V7

VPMP

**ECM** Connector

A065744E72

Replace the purge VSV (see page EC-23).

NEXT

Go to step 34

# CHECK HARNESS AND CONNECTOR (VENT VALVE - ECM) (a) Disconnect the V7 canister connector. Wire Harness Side VLVB Canister 1 2 3 4 Connector 6 7 8 9 VGND Front View A085258E50 (b) Disconnect the E7 ECM connector. (c) Check the harness and the connectors between the ECM and the canister connectors. E7

(1) Measure the resistance between the wire harness side connector.

# Standard resistance (Check for open)

Tester Connection	Specified Condition
V7-8 (VGND) - E7-26 (VPMP)	Below 1 Ω

# Standard resistance (Check for short)

Tester Connection	Specified Condition
V7-8 (VGND) or E7-26 (VPMP) - Body ground	10 k $\Omega$ higher

ES-249


- (d) Remove the integration relay from the engine room relay block.
- (e) Check the harness and connectors between the canister connector and the EFI M relay.
  - (1) Measure the resistance between the wire harness side connectors.

## Standard resistance (Check for open)

Tester Connection	Specified Condition
V7-9 (VLVB) - 3I-8 (EFI M relay)	Below 1 Ω

## Standard resistance (Check for short)

Tester Connection	Specified Condition
V7-9 (VLVB) or 3I-8 (EFI M relay) - Body ground	10 k $\Omega$ higher

- (f) Reconnect the canister connector.
- (g) Reconnect the ECM connector.
- (h) Reinstall the integration relay.



# **30** REPAIR OR REPLACE HARNESS AND CONNECTOR

NEXT

Go to step 34

Go to step

31 REPLACE ECM

Replace the ECM (see page ES-469).

NEXT

Go to step 34

## **32** CHECK AND REPLACE VENT HOSE OR CANISTER FILTER

NEXT

Go to step 34

## **33** REPLACE HOSE (PRESSURE SWITCHING VALVE AND FUEL TANK)

NEXT		
34	PERFORM EVAP SYSTEM CHECK	
	(a) (b)	Turn the power switch ON (IG). Enter the following menus: DIAGNOSIS / ENHANCED

- OBD II / SYSTEM CHECK / EVAP SYS CHECK / AUTO OPERATION. c) After the system check is finished, check for pending
- (c) After the system check is finished, check for pending DTCs.

ES



	DTC	P0450	Evaporative Emission Control System Pressure Sensor Malfunction
	DTC	P0451	Evaporative Emission Control System Pressure Sensor Range / Performance
	DTC	P0452	Evaporative Emission Control System Pressure Sensor / Switch Low Input
ES	DTC	P0453	Evaporative Emission Control System Pressure Sensor / Switch High Input

# DTC SUMMARY

DTC No.	Monitoring Items	Malfunction Detection Conditions	Trouble Area	Detection Timing	Detection logic
P0450	Canister pressure sensor voltage abnormal fluctuation	Sensor output voltage rapidly fluctuates beyond upper and lower malfunction thresholds for 0.5 seconds.	<ul> <li>Canister pump module</li> <li>ECM</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>EVAP monitoring (power switch OFF)</li> <li>Power switch ON (IG)</li> </ul>	1 trip
P0451	Canister pressure sensor noisy	Sensor output voltage fluctuates frequently in certain time period.	<ul> <li>Canister pump module</li> <li>EVAP system hose (pipe from air inlet port to canister pump module, canister filter, fuel tank vent hose)</li> <li>ECM</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>EVAP monitoring (power switch OFF)</li> <li>Engine running</li> </ul>	2 trip
P0451	Canister pressure sensor stuck	Sensor output voltage does not vary in certain time period.	<ul> <li>Canister pump module</li> <li>EVAP system hose (pipe from air inlet port to canister pump module, canister filter, fuel tank vent hose)</li> <li>ECM</li> </ul>	EVAP monitoring (power switch OFF)	2 trip
P0452	Canister pressure sensor voltage low	Sensor output voltage less than 0.45 V for 0.5 seconds.	<ul> <li>Canister pump module</li> <li>Connector/wire harness (canister pump module - ECM)</li> <li>ECM</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>EVAP monitoring (power switch OFF)</li> <li>Power switch ON (IG)</li> </ul>	1 trip
P0453	Canister pressure sensor voltage high	Sensor output voltage more than 4.9 V for 0.5 seconds.	<ul> <li>Canister pump module</li> <li>Connector/wire harness (canister pump module - ECM)</li> <li>ECM</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>EVAP monitoring (power switch OFF)</li> <li>Power switch ON (IG)</li> </ul>	1 trip

HINT:

The canister pressure sensor is built into the canister pump module.

# DESCRIPTION

## NOTICE:

In this vehicle's EVAP system, turning ON the vent valve does not seal off the EVAP system. To check for leaks in the EVAP system, disconnect the air inlet vent hose and apply pressure from the atmosphere side of the canister.

While the engine is running, if a predetermined condition (closed loop, etc.) is met, the purge VSV is opened by the ECM and stored fuel vapors in the canister are purged to the intake manifold. The ECM changes the duty cycle ratio of the purge VSV to control purge flow volume.

The purge flow volume is also determined by the intake manifold pressure. Atmospheric pressure is allowed into the canister through the vent valve to ensure that the purge flow is maintained when the negative pressure (vacuum) is applied to the canister.

### Key-off monitor

This monitor checks for Evaporative Emission (EVAP) system leaks and canister pump module malfunctions. The monitor starts 5 hours\* after the power switch is turned OFF. More than 5 hours are required to allow the fuel to cool down to stabilize the Fuel Tank Pressure (FTP), thus making the EVAP system monitor more accurate.

The leak detection pump creates negative pressure (vacuum) in the EVAP system and the pressure is measured. Finally, the ECM monitors for leaks from the EVAP system and malfunctions in both the canister pump module and purge VSV, based on the EVAP pressure. HINT:

\*: If the engine coolant temperature is not below 35°C (95°F) 5 hours after the power switch is turned OFF, the monitor check starts 2 hours later. If it is still not below 35°C (95°F) 7 hours after the power switch is turned OFF, the monitor check starts 2.5 hours later.









Components	Operations
Canister, Trap canister	Contains activated charcoal to absorb EVAP generated in fuel tank.
Cut-off valve	Located in fuel tank. Valve floats and closes when fuel tank 100% full.
Purge Vacuum Switching Valve (VSV)	Opens or closes line between canister and intake manifold. ECM uses purge VSV to control EVAP purge flow. In order to discharge EVAP absorbed by canister to intake manifold, ECM opens purge VSV. EVAP discharge volume to intake manifold controlled by purge VSV duty cycle ratio (current-carrying time) (open: ON; closed: OFF).
Roll-over valve	Located in fuel tank. Valve closes by its own weight when vehicle overturns to prevent fuel from spilling out.
Soak timer	Built into ECM. To ensure accurate EVAP monitor, measures 5 hours (+-15 min) after power switch OFF. This allows fuel to cool down, stabilizing Fuel Tank Pressure (FTP). When approximately 5 hours elapsed, ECM activates.
Pressure switching valve	The pressure switching valve located on the canister is used to detect leakage from the bladder tank into the fuel tank. The valve opens during the bladder tank leak check. Then, the fuel tank's fuel vapor flows to the intake manifold without passing the canister.
Pump module	Consists of (a) to (d) below. pump module cannot be disassembled.
(a) Vent valve	Vents and closes EVAP system. When ECM turns valve ON, EVAP system closed. When ECM turns valve OFF, EVAP system vented. Negative pressure (vacuum) created in EVAP system to check for EVAP leaks by closing purge VSV, turning vent valve ON (closed) and operating leak detection pump.
(b) Canister pressure sensor	Indicates pressure as voltage. ECM supplies regulated 5 V to canister pressure sensor, and uses feedback from sensor to monitor EVAP system pressure.
(c) Leak detection pump	Creates negative pressure (vacuum) in EVAP system for leak check.

Components	Operations
(d) Reference orifice	Has opening with 0.02 inch diameter. Vacuum produced through orifice by closing purge VSV, turning vent valve OFF and operating leak detection pump to monitor 0.02 inch leak criterion. 0.02 inch leak criterion indicates small leak of EVAP.

# **MONITOR DESCRIPTION**



(a)DTC P0450: Canister pressure sensor voltage abnormal fluctuation

If the canister pressure sensor voltage output rapidly fluctuates between less than 0.45 V and more than 4.9 V, the ECM interprets this as an open or short circuit malfunction in the canister pressure sensor or its circuit, and stops the EVAP system monitor. The ECM then illuminates the MIL and sets the DTC (1 trip detection logic).

- (b)DTC P0451: Canister pressure sensor noisy or stuck
  If the canister pressure sensor voltage output fluctuates rapidly for 10 seconds, the ECM stops the EVAP system monitor. The ECM interprets this as noise from the canister pressure sensor, and stops the EVAP system monitor. The ECM then illuminates the MIL and sets the DTC.
  Alternatively, if the sensor voltage output does not change for 10 seconds, the ECM interprets this as the sensor being stuck, and stops the monitor. The ECM then illuminates the MIL and sets the MIL and sets the DTC.
  (Both of the malfunctions are detected by 2 trip detection logic).
- (c) DTC P0452: Canister pressure sensor voltage low If the canister pressure sensor voltage output is below 0.45 V, the ECM interprets this as an open or short circuit malfunction in the canister pressure sensor or its circuit, and stops the EVAP system monitor. The ECM then illuminates the MIL and sets the DTC (1 trip detection logic).
- (d)DTC P0453: Canister pressure sensor voltage high If the canister pressure sensor voltage output is 4.9 V or more, the ECM interprets this as an open or short circuit malfunction in the canister pressure sensor or its circuit, and stops the EVAP system monitor. The ECM then illuminates the MIL and sets the DTC (1 trip detection logic).

# **MONITOR STRATEGY**

Required Sensors/Components	Canister pump module
Frequency of Operation	Continuous
Duration	Within 15 minutes
MIL Operation	Immediate: P0450, P0452, P0453 2 driving cycles: P0451
Sequence of Operation	None

# **TYPICAL ENABLING CONDITIONS**

## P0451 (Noise Monitor):

	S

	-
Monitor runs whenever following DTCs are not present	None
Atmospheric pressure	70 to 110 kPa (525 to 825 mmHg) [absolute pressure]
Battery voltage	10.5 V or more
Intake air temperature	4.4 to 35 °C (40 to 95°F)
EVAP canister pressure sensor malfunction (P0450, P0452, P0453)	Not detected
Either of following conditions is met	A or B
A. Engine	Running
B. Soak time (power switch OFF time)	5 hours

#### Example of restart time

First time	7 hours
Second time	9 hours and 30 minutes

## P0451 (Stuck Monitor):

Monitor runs whenever following DTCs are not present	None
Atmospheric pressure	70 to 110 kPa (525 to 825 mmHg)
Battery voltage	10.5 V or more
Intake air temperature	4.4 to 35°C (40 to 95°F)
EVAP pressure sensor malfunction	Not detected
Soak time (power switch OFF time)	5 hours

## Example of restart time

First time	7 hours
Second time	9 hours and 30 minutes

#### P0450, P0452 and P0453:

Monitor runs whenever following DTCs are not present	None
When either of following condition is met	(a) or (b)
(a) Power switch	ON
(b) Soak timer	ON

# **TYPICAL MALFUNCTION THRESHOLDS**

## 1. P0450: Canister pressure sensor chattering

EVAP pressure	Less than 42.1 kPa (315.9 mmHg) or more than 123.8 kPa (928.4 mmHg)		
2. P0451: Canister pressure sensor noise			
Pressure variation indicated by canister pressure sensor in 10 seconds	More than +-0.3 kPa (+-2.25 mmHg) 10 times		

3. P0451: Canister pressure sensor stuck				
EVAP pressure change during reference pressure in 10 seconds Less than 1 kPa (7.5 mmHg)				
4. P0452: Canister pressure sensor low voltage				
EVAP pressure	Less than 42.1 kPa (315.9 mmHg)			
5. P0453: Canister pressure sensor high voltage				
EVAP pressure	More than 123.8 kPa (928.4 mmHg)			

## WIRING DIAGRAM



## **INSPECTION PROCEDURE**

NOTICE:

1

- When a vehicle is brought into the workshop, leave it as it is. Do not change the vehicle condition. For example, do not tighten the fuel cap.
- Do not disassemble the canister pump module.

**CONFIRM DTC AND EVAP PRESSURE** 

The intelligent tester is required to conduct the following diagnostic troubleshooting

The intelligent totter is required to conduct the renorming alignootic troublechooting
procedure.

(a)	Connect the intelligent tester to the DLC3.

- (b) Turn the power switch ON (IG) and turn the intelligent tester ON.
- (c) Enter the following menus: DIAGNOSIS / ENHANCED OBD II / DTC INFO / CURRENT CODES.
- (d) Read the values.
- (e) Enter the following menus: DIAGNOSIS / ENHANCED OBD II / DATA LIST / EVAP / VAPOR PRESS.
- (f) Read the EVAP pressure displayed on the intelligent tester.

#### Result

Display (DTC Output)	put) Test Result Suspected Trouble Areas		Proceed to
P0451	-	Canister pressure sensor	A
P0452	Less than 45 kPa (430 mmHg)	<ul> <li>Wire harness/connector (ECM - canister pressure sensor)</li> <li>Canister pressure sensor</li> <li>Short in ECM circuit</li> </ul>	В
P0453	More than 120 kPa (900 mmHg)	<ul> <li>Wire harness/connector (ECM - canister pressure sensor)</li> <li>Canister pressure sensor</li> <li>Open in ECM circuit</li> </ul>	с





2

CHECK HARNESS AND CONNECTOR (CANISTER PUMP MODULE - ECM)



- (a) Turn the power switch OFF.
- (b) Disconnect the E7 ECM connector.
- (c) Measure the resistance between the PPMP (E7-30) terminal of the ECM connector and the body ground.

#### Result

Α

3

Test Results	Suspected Trouble Areas	Proceed to
10 $\Omega$ or less	<ul> <li>Wire harness/connector (ECM - canister pressure sensor)</li> <li>Short in canister pressure sensor circuit</li> </ul>	A
10 kΩ or more	<ul> <li>Wire harness/connector (ECM - canister pressure sensor)</li> <li>Short in ECM circuit</li> </ul>	В



ES

## CHECK HARNESS AND CONNECTOR (CANISTER PUMP MODULE - ECM)



(a) Disconnect the V7 canister connector.(b) Disconnect the E7 ECM connector.

(c) Measure the resistance between the PPMP (E7-30) terminal of the ECM connector and the body ground.

Go to step 6



Result

Test Results	Suspected Trouble Areas	Proceed to
10 k $\Omega$ or more	Short in canister pressure sensor circuit	A
10 k $\Omega$ or less	<ul> <li>Short in wire harness/connector (ECM         - canister pressure sensor)</li> </ul>	В

В





(a) Replace the canister assembly (see page EC-9).
 NOTICE:

When replacing the canister, check the canister pump module interior and related pipes for water, fuel or other liquids. If liquids are present, check for disconnections and/or cracks in the following: 1) the pipe from the air inlet port to the canister pump module; 2) the canister filter; and 3) the fuel tank vent hose.



#### 6 **REPAIR OR REPLACE HARNESS OR CONNECTOR**

#### HINT:

If the exhaust tailpipe has been removed, go to the next step before reinstalling it.



7 **REPLACE ECM** 

(a) Replace the ECM (see page ES-469).

#### 8 CHECK WHETHER DTC OUTPUT RECURS (AFTER REPAIR)

(a) Connect the intelligent tester to the DLC3.

- (b) Turn the power switch ON (IG) and turn the intelligent tester ON.
- (c) Wait for at least 60 seconds.
- (d) Enter the following menus: DIAGNOSIS / ENHANCED OBD II / DTC INFO / PENDING CODES. HINT:

If no pending DTC is displayed on the intelligent tester, the repair has been successfully completed.



COMPLETED

ES

DTC	P0455	Evaporative Emission Control System Leak Detected (Gross Leak)
DTC	P0456	Evaporative Emission Control System Leak Detected (Very Small Leak)

# DTC SUMMARY

	DTC No.	Monitoring Items	Malfunction Detection Conditions	Trouble Area	Detection Timing	Detection Logic
S	P0455	EVAP gross leak	Leak detection pump creates negative pressure (vacuum) in EVAP system and EVAP system pressure measured. 0.02 inch leak criterion measured at start and at end of leak check. If stabilized pressure higher than [second 0.02 inch leak criterion x 0.15], ECM determines that EVAP system has large leakage.	<ul> <li>Fuel cap (loose)</li> <li>Leakage from EVAP line (canister - fuel tank)</li> <li>Leakage from EVAP line (purge VSV - canister)</li> <li>Canister pump module</li> <li>Leakage from fuel tank</li> <li>Leakage from canister</li> </ul>	While power switch OFF	2 trip
	P0456	EVAP small leak	Leak detection pump creates negative pressure (vacuum) in EVAP system and EVAP system pressure measured. 0.02 inch leak criterion measured at start and at end of leak check. If stabilized pressure higher than second 0.02 inch leak criterion, ECM determines that EVAP system has small leakage.	Same as above	While power switch OFF	2 trip

# DESCRIPTION

## NOTICE:

In this vehicle's EVAP system, turning ON the vent valve does not seal off the EVAP system. To check for leaks in the EVAP system, disconnect the air inlet vent hose and apply pressure from the atmosphere side of the canister.

While the engine is running, if a predetermined condition (closed loop, etc.) is met, the purge VSV is opened by the ECM and stored fuel vapors in the canister are purged to the intake manifold. The ECM changes the duty cycle ratio of the purge VSV to control purge flow volume.

The purge flow volume is also determined by the intake manifold pressure. Atmospheric pressure is allowed into the canister through the vent valve to ensure that the purge flow is maintained when the negative pressure (vacuum) is applied to the canister.

#### **Key-off monitor**

This monitor checks for Evaporative Emission (EVAP) system leaks and canister pump module malfunctions. The monitor starts 5 hours\* after the power switch is turned OFF. More than 5 hours are required to allow the fuel to cool down to stabilize the Fuel Tank Pressure (FTP), thus making the EVAP system monitor more accurate.

The leak detection pump creates negative pressure (vacuum) in the EVAP system and the pressure is measured. Finally, the ECM monitors for leaks from the EVAP system and malfunctions in both the canister pump module and purge VSV, based on the EVAP pressure. HINT:

\*: If the engine coolant temperature is not below 35°C (95°F) 5 hours after the power switch is turned OFF, the monitor check starts 2 hours later. If it is still not below 35°C (95°F) 7 hours after the power switch is turned OFF, the monitor check starts 2.5 hours later.





**Reference Orifice** 





Components	Operations	
Canister, Trap canister	Contains activated charcoal to absorb EVAP generated in fuel tank.	
Cut-off valve	Located in fuel tank. Valve floats and closes when fuel tank 100% full.	
Purge Vacuum Switching Valve (VSV)	Opens or closes line between canister and intake manifold. ECM uses purge VSV to control EVAP purge flow. In order to discharge EVAP absorbed by canister to intake manifold, ECM opens purge VSV. EVAP discharge volume to intake manifold controlled by purge VSV duty cycle ratio (current-carrying time) (open: ON; closed: OFF).	
Roll-over valve	Located in fuel tank. Valve closes by its own weight when vehicle overturns to prevent fuel from spilling out.	
Soak timer	Built into ECM. To ensure accurate EVAP monitor, measures 5 hours (+-15 min) after power switch OFF. This allows fuel to cool down, stabilizing Fuel Tank Pressure (FTP). When approximately 5 hours elapsed, ECM activates.	
Pressure switching valve	The pressure switching valve located on the canister is used to detect leakage from the bladder tank into the fuel tank. The valve opens during the bladder tank leak check. Then, the fuel tank's fuel vapor flows to the intake manifold without passing the canister.	
Pump module	Consists of (a) to (d) below. Pump module cannot be disassembled.	
(a) Vent valve	Vents and closes EVAP system. When ECM turns valve ON, EVAP system closed. When ECM turns valve OFF, EVAP system vented. Negative pressure (vacuum) created in EVAP system to check for EVAP leaks by closing purge VSV, turning vent valve ON (closed) and operating leak detection pump (refer to fig. 1).	
(b) Canister pressure sensor	Indicates pressure as voltage. ECM supplies regulated 5 V to canister pressure sensor, and uses feedback from sensor to monitor EVAP system pressure (refer to fig. 2).	
(c) Leak detection pump	Creates negative pressure (vacuum) in EVAP system for leak check.	

Components	Operations
(d) Reference orifice	Has opening with 0.02 inch diameter. Vacuum produced through orifice by closing purge VSV, turning vent valve OFF and operating leak detection pump to monitor 0.02 inch leak criterion. 0.02 inch leak criterion indicates small leak of EVAP.

# **MONITOR DESCRIPTION**

5 hours\* after the power switch is turned OFF, the leak detection pump creates negative pressure (vacuum) in the EVAP system. The ECM monitors for leaks and actuator malfunctions based on the EVAP pressure.

HINT:

\*: If the engine coolant temperature is not below 35°C (95°F) 5 hours after the power switch is turned OFF, the monitor check starts 2 hours later. If it is still not below 35°C (95°F) 7 hours after the power switch is turned OFF, the monitor check starts 2.5 hours later.

Sequence	Operations	Descriptions	Duration
-	ECM activation	Activated by soak timer 5, 7 or 9.5 hours after power switch OFF.	-
A	Atmospheric pressure measurement	Vent valve turned OFF (vent) and EVAP system pressure measured by ECM in order to register atmospheric pressure. If pressure in EVAP system not between 70 kPa and 110 kPa (525 mmHg and 825 mmHg), ECM cancels EVAP system monitor.	10 seconds
В	First 0.02 inch leak criterion measurement	In order to determine 0.02 inch leak criterion, leak detection pump creates negative pressure (vacuum) through reference orifice and then ECM checks if leak detection pump and vent valve operate normally.	60 seconds
С	EVAP system pressure measurement	Vent valve turned ON (closed) to shut EVAP system. Negative pressure (vacuum) created in EVAP system, and EVAP system pressure then measured. Write down measured value as it will be used in leak check. If EVAP pressure does not stabilize within 900 seconds, ECM cancels EVAP system monitor.	900 seconds*
D	Purge VSV monitor	Purge VSV opened and then EVAP system pressure measured by ECM. Large increase indicates normal.	10 seconds
E	Second 0.02 inch leak criterion measurement	After second 0.02 inch leak criterion measurement, leak check performed by comparing first and second 0.02 inch leak criterion. If stabilized system pressure higher than second 0.02 inch leak criterion, ECM determines that EVAP system leaking.	60 seconds
-	Final check	Atmospheric pressure measured and then monitoring result recorded by ECM.	-

\*: If only a small amount of fuel is in the fuel tank, it takes longer for the EVAP pressure to stabilize.



### 1. P0455: EVAP gross leak

In operation C, the leak detection pump creates negative pressure (vacuum) in the EVAP system and the EVAP system pressure is measured. If the stabilized system pressure is higher than [second 0.02 inch leak criterion x 0.15] (near atmospheric pressure), the ECM determines that the EVAP system has a large leakage, illuminates the MIL and sets the DTC (2 trip detection logic).

## 2. P0456: EVAP very small leak

In operation C, the leak detection pump creates negative pressure (vacuum) in the EVAP system and the EVAP system pressure is measured. If the stabilized system pressure is higher than the second 0.02 inch leak criterion, the ECM determines that the EVAP system has a small leakage, illuminates the MIL and sets the DTC (2 trip detection logic).



# **MONITOR STRATEGY**

Required Sensors/Components	Purge VSV and canister pump module
Frequency of Operation	Once per driving cycle
Duration	Maximum 15 seconds
MIL Operation	2 driving cycles
Sequence of Operation	None

# **TYPICAL ENABLING CONDITIONS**

	D0011 D0010 D0001 D0000 (////T system Advence Deterd)
	P0011, P0012, P0021, P0022 (VVT system-Advance, Retard)
	P0100, P0101, P0102, P0103 (MAF sensor)
	P0110, P0112, P0113 (IAT sensor)
	P0115, P0116, P0117, P0118 (ECT sensor)
	P0120, P0122, P0123, P0220, P0222, P0223, P2135,(TP sensor)
	P0125 (Insufficient ECT for closed loop)
The monitor will run whenever these DTCs are not present	P0171, P0172, P0174, P0175 (Fuel system)
	P0300, P0301, P0302, P0303, P0304 (Misfire)
	P0335 (CKP sensor)
	P0340, P0341 (CMP sensor)
	P0351, P0352, P0353, P0354 (Igniter)
	P0450, P0452, P0453 (EVAP press sensor)
	P0500 (VSS)
Atmospheric pressure	70 to 110 kPa (525 to 825 mmHg)

Battery voltage	10.5 V or higher
Vehicle speed	Less than 4 km/h (2.5 mph)
Power switch	OFF
Time after key off	5 or 7 or 9.5 hours
Purge VSV	Not operated by scan tool
Vent valve	Not operated by scan tool
Leak detection pump	Not operated by scan tool
Both of the following conditions 1 and 2 are met before key off	-
1. Duration that vehicle has been driven	5 minutes or more
2. EVAP purge operation	Performed
ECT	4.4 to 35°C (40 to 95°F)
IAT	4.4 to 35°C (40 to 95°F)

#### 1. Key-off monitor sequence 1 to 8 1. Atmospheric pressure measurement

Next sequence is run if the following condition is met	-
Atmospheric pressure change	Within 0.3 kPa (2.25 mmHg) in 1 second

#### 2. First reference pressure measurement

Next sequence is run if the following conditions are met	-
EVAP pressure just after reference pressure measurement start	-1 kPa (-7.5 mmHg) or lower
Reference pressure	-4.85 to -1.05 kPa (726 to 754 mmHg)
Reference pressure	Saturated within 60 seconds

#### 3. Vent valve stuck closed check

Next sequence is run if the following condition is met	-
EVAP pressure change after vent valve is ON	0.3 kPa (2.25 mmHg) or more

#### 4. Vacuum introduction

Next sequence is run if the following condition is met	-
EVAP pressure	Saturated within 900 seconds

### 5. Purge VSV stuck closed check

Next sequence is run if the following condition is met	-
EVAP pressure change after purge valve is open	0.3 kPa (2.25 mmHg) or more

### 6. Second reference pressure measurement

Next sequence is run if the following conditions are met	-
EVAP pressure just after reference pressure measurement	-1 kPa (-7.5 mmHg) or lower
Reference pressure	-4.85 to -1.05 kPa (726 to 754 mmHg)
Reference pressure	Saturated within 60 seconds
Reference pressure difference between first and second	Less than 0.7 kPa (5.25 mmHg)

## 7. Leak check

Next sequence is run if the following condition is met	-
EVAP pressure when vacuum introduction is complete	Lower than second reference pressure

## 8. Atmospheric pressure measurement

EVAP monitor is complete if the following condition is met	-
Atmospheric pressure difference between sequence 1 and 8	Within 0.3 kPa (2.25 mmHg)

# **TYPICAL MALFUNCTION THRESHOLDS**

"Saturated" indicates that the EVAP pressure change is less than 0.1 kPa (0.75 mmHg) in 30 seconds.

# P0455: EVAP gross leak

FTP when vacuum introduction complete	Higher than reference pressure x 0.15
P0456: EVAP small leak	
FTP when vacuum introduction complete	Between "reference pressure" and "reference pressure x 0.15"

# MONITOR RESULT

Refer to CHECKING MONITOR STATUS (see page ES-15).

## WIRING DIAGRAM



# **INSPECTION PROCEDURE**

NOTICE:

The intelligent tester is required to conduct the following diagnostic troubleshooting procedure.

#### HINT:

- Using the intelligent tester monitor results enable the EVAP system to be confirmed.
- Read freeze frame data using the intelligent tester. Freeze frame data records the engine conditions
  when malfunctions are detected. When troubleshooting, freeze frame data can help determine if the
  vehicle was moving or stationary, if the engine was warmed up or not, if the air-fuel ratio was lean or
  rich, and other data from the time the malfunction occurred.



#### ES-278













23





Replace the trap canister with pump module (see page EC-17).



Go to step 34

ES

## CHECK FOR VENT HOSE DAMAGE

Check for hose damage as shown in the illustration. If necessary, replace the vent hose.





- (f) Reconnect the purge VSV connector.
- (g) Reconnect the ECM connector.
(h) Reinstall the integration relay.





Tester Connection	Specified Condition
V7-8 (VGND) or E7-26 (VPMP) - Body ground	10 k $\Omega$ higher



- (d) Remove the integration relay from the engine room relay block.
- (e) Check the harness and connectors between the canister connector and the EFI M relay.
  - (1) Measure the resistance between the wire harness side connectors.

## Standard resistance (Check for open)

Tester Connection	Specified Condition
V7-9 (VLVB) - 3I-8 (EFI M relay)	Below 1 $\Omega$

# Standard resistance (Check for short)

Tester Connection	Specified Condition
V7-9 (VLVB) or 3I-8 (EFI M relay) - Body ground	10 k $\Omega$ higher

- (f) Reconnect the canister connector.
- (g) Reconnect the ECM connector.
- (h) Reinstall the integration relay.

NG	Go to step 30	
ОК	Go to step 31	

#### 30 **REPAIR OR REPLACE HARNESS AND CONNECTOR**

NEXT

Go to step 34

31 **REPLACE ECM** 

Replace the ECM (see page ES-469).

NEXT

Go to step 34

### 32 CHECK AND REPLACE VENT HOSE OR CANISTER FILTER

NEXT

Go to step 34

### 33 REPLACE HOSE (PRESSURE SWITCHING VALVE AND FUEL TANK)

NEXT				
34	PERFORM EVAP SYSTEM CHECK			
	(a) (b)	Turn the power switch ON (IG). Enter the following menus: DIAGNOSIS / ENHANCED OBD II / SYSTEM CHECK / EVAP SYS CHECK / AUTO		

(c) After the system check is finished, check for pending DTCs.

